## Labor Law Compliance Center

## CONNECTICUT

## Connecticut Labor Law Posters

## English

| Posting Name \& ID | Posting Requirements | Published Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative Regulations CT01 | All employers | 04/23 |
| Discrimination CT02 | All employers | - |
| Electronic Monitoring CT03 | All employers | - |
| Managed Care CT04 | All employers | 04/22 |
| Paid Sick Leave CT05 | All employers | 10/23 |
| Pregnancy Disability CT06 | All employers | 08/23 |
| Sexual Harassment CT07 | All employers | 10/19 |
| Unemployment Insurance CT08 | NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS | - |
| Workers' Compensation CT09 | All employers | 10/21 |
| Domestic Violence CT10 | All employers | 10/22 |

## Connecticut Labor Law Posters

## English

| Posting <br> Name \& ID | Posting <br> Requirements | Published <br> Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum Wage for Mercantile <br> Trade <br> CT11 | Employers in the Mercantile Trade | $04 / 23$ |
| Employment of Minors in <br> Mercantile/Retail <br> CT12-13 | Employers of Minors in the Mercantile/Retail Trade | $05 / 23$ |
| Minimum Wage for Restaurant <br> Occupations <br> CT14 | Employers in Restaurant Occupations | $05 / 14$ |
| Employment of Minors in <br> Restaurant/Food Services <br> CT15-16 | Employers of Minors in Restaurant/Food Services | $04 / 23$ |

## CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

## WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS DIVISION




| vote more than twenty percent, or, in the case of employee of a retail or service establishment who not devote as much as forty percent, of his directly and closely related to the performance of work described in subdivisions (1) to (3), usive, of this section; and (5)(A) who is a rate of not less than four hundred dollars per ek exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities, (B) who, in the case of academic administrative sonnel, is compensated for his services as uired by subparagraph (A) of this subdivision or a salary basis which is at least equal to the rance salary for teachers in the school system or employed; provided an employee who is mpensated on a salary or fee basis at a rate of not sthan four hundred seventy-five dollars per week, ose primary duty consists of the performance of k described in subdivision (1) of this section, cretion and independent judgement, shall be emed to meet all of the requirements of this |
| :---: |

(b) "Salary basis" [refer to Section 31-60-14.]
(c) "Fee basis" means the payment of an agreed sum the time required for its completion. A fee basis
payment shall be permitted only for jobs which are unique in nature rather than for a series of jobs which
are repeated an indefinite number of times and for which payment on an identical basis is made ove
and over again. Payment on a fee basis shall amoun subsection (a) of this section

Sec. $31-60-16 . \quad$ Em
Professional Capacity.
(a) For the purposes of said section $31-58$ (f)
"employee employed in a bona fide professiona
capacity" means any employee (

1) whose primary duty consists of the performance
of:
(A) work requiring knowledge of an advanced type in
a field of science or learning customarily acquired b b a prolonged course of specialized intellectual
instruction and study, as distinguished from a general academic education and from an apprenticeship, an
from training in the performance of routine mental
(B) work that is original and creative in character in recognized field of artistic endeavor, as opposed to
work which can be produced by a person endowed with general manual or intellectual ability and
training, and the result of which depends primarily on (C) teaching, tutoring, instructing or lecturing in the activity of imparting knowledge while employed and
engaged in this activity as a teacher certified or engaged in this activity as a teacher certified or
recognized as such in the school system or
educational establishment or institution by which he is employed; and
(2) whose work re
(2) whose work requires the consistent exercise of
discretion and judgement in its performance; and
(3) whose work is predominantly intellectual and
varied in character, as opposed to routine mental manual, mechanical or physical work, and is of such
character that the output produced or the result accomplished cannot be stand
(4) who does not devote more than twenty percent of his hours worked in the workweek to activities whic are not an essential part of and necessarily inciden
to the work described in subdivision (1) to (3), nclusive, of this section; and
(5) who is compensated for his services on a salary
or fee basis at a rate of or fee basis at a rate of not less than four hundred
dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging, or other
faciities; provided this faciilities; provided this subdivision shanll not apply in
the case of an employe who is the holder of a valid the case of an employee who is the holder of a valid
license or certificate permitting the practice of law or license or certificate permiting the practice of law or
medicine or any of their branches and who is actually
engaged in the inactice thereot or in the case of an medicine or any of their branches and who is actually
engaged in the practice thereof, or in the case of an
employee who is the holder of the requisite academi employee who is the holder of the requisite academic
degree for the general practice of medicine and is
engaged in an internship or resident program engaged in an internship or resident program
pursuant to the practice of medicine or any of its
branches, or in the case of an empo branches, or in the case of an employee employed
and engaged as a teacher as provided in subdivision (1) (C) of this section, and provived an employeee who
is compensated on a salary of fee basis at a rate of is compensated on a salary or fee basis at a rate of
not less than four hundred seventy-five dollars per
week exclusive of board, lodging or other facilities, and whose primary duty consists of the performance
either of work described in subdivision (1) (A) or (C) either of work described in subdivision (1) (A) or (C)
of this section which inlludes work requiring the of this section which includes work requiring the
consistent exercise of discretion and judgement, or consistent exercise of discretion and judgement, or
of worr requiring invention, imagination or talent in a
recognized field of artistic endeavor, shall be deemed to meet all of the requirements of this section.
(b) "Salary basis" [refer to Section 31-60-14.]
(c) "Fee basis" means the payment of an agreed sum
for the accomplishment of a single task regardless of the time requirired for its completion. A fee basis
payment shall be permitted only for jobs which are unique in nature rather than for a series of jobs whic
are repeated an indefinite number of times and for are repeated an indefinite number of times and for
which payment on an identical basis is made ove and over again. Payment on a fee basis shall amoun to a rate of not less than
subsection (a) of this section

## MUM WAGE:

\$14.00 per hour effective 7-1-2022 $\$ 15.00$ per hour effective 6-1-2023 (P.A. 19-4)

OVERTIME - ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES TH PAY AFTER 40 HOURS PER WEEK FOR EXCEPTIONS - SEE SECTION GENERAL STATUTES.

MINORS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE
MMPLOYED BY THE STATE OR POLITICAL EMPLOYED BY THE STATE OR POLITICAL
SUBDIVISION THEREOF MAY BE PAID 85\% OF THE APPLICABLE MINIMUM WAGE.

MINORS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AG EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE MAY BE PAID 85\% OF THE APPLICABLE MINIMUM WAGE
MINORS EMPLOYED BY AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYERS WHO DID NOT, DURING TH PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR, EMPLOY
EIGHT OR MORE WORKERS AT THE SAME
TIME SHAL BE PAID AINMUM WAGE OF TIME SHALL BE PAID A MINIMUM WAGE OF
NOT LESS THAN 70\% OF THE MINIMUM
WAGE AS DEFINED IN SECTION $31-58$ WAGE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 31-58,
MINORS IN OTHER EMPLOYMENT - SEE SECTION 31-60-6

## Thomas Wydra, Director Wage and Workploce Standords Division

(800) 801-0597

## Discrimination is Illegal <br> Connecticut law prohibits discrimination in

## EMPLOYMENT

On the basis of

## age

ancestry
color
genetic information
learning disability
marital status
past or present history of mental disability intellectual disability
national origin
physical disability
race
religious creed
sex, including pregnancy, sexual harassment, transgender status, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation or civil union status workplace hazards to reproductive systems criminal record (in state employment and licensing) Veteran status

## recruiting

hiring
referring
classifying
promoting
advertising
discharging
training
laying off
compensating
terms and conditions
employers employment agencie labor organization

## HOUSING \&

## PUBLIC ACCOMODATIONS

age
ancestry
breastfeeding in a place of
public accommodation
color
familial status (in housing)
lawful source of income
learning disability
marital status
mental disability
intellectual disability
national origin
physical disability
race
religious creed
sex, transgender status,, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation or
civil union status
use of a guide dog/training a guide dog
Veteran status
services rendered the public
rentals and sales of public and private housing

CREDIT TRANSACTIONS

On the basis of
age
ancestry
blindness
color
learning disability
marital status
intellectual disability
national origin
physical disability
race
religious creed
sex, transgender status, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation or civil union status Veteran status

In
loans
mortgages
any credit transactions

If you believe you have experienced illegal discrimination, the CT Commission on Human Rights will investigate without cost to you. It is illegal for anyone to retaliate against you for filing a complaint. For assistance contact:

Connecticut Commission on Human Rights \& Opportunities Telephone Southwest Region West Capitol Region Capitol Region Eastern Region Administrative Office

350 Fairfield Avenue, Bridgeport, CT 06604
55 West Main Street, Suite 210, Waterbury, CT 06702
450 Columbus Blvd Suite 2, Hartford, CT 06103
100 Broadway, Norwich, CT 06360
450 Columbus Blvd Suite 2, Hartford, CT 06103

203-579-6246 203-805-6579 860-566-7710 860-886-5703 860-541-3400
website: www.state.ct.us/chro

This notice provides general information about Connecticut law and is not to be considered as equivalent of the complete text.

# NOTICE TO THE EMPLOYEES OF 

In accordance with $\S 31-48 \mathrm{~d}$ of the Connecticut General Statutes, this will serve as notice that this employer may engage in the following types of Electronic Monitoring of employees' activities or communications;
_Telephone
Camera (including hidden cameras) Computer
Radio
Wire
Electromagnetic
Photoelectronic
Photo-optical
Other $\qquad$

If you have any questions regarding this notice, contact $\qquad$ (Cempany Representative)
for additional information.

The Connecticut Department of Labor provides this sample poster as a public service, Wage \& Workplace Standards Division 200 Folly Brook Boulevard Wethersfield, CT 06109-1114 A copy of § 31-48d ET. Seq. CGS appears on the reverse.

## Health Insurance

 is Complicated.
## Don't Worry Alone



## Free, Expert Assistance \& Representation

## Insurance Denials \& Appeals,

Billing Errors, and Access to Care

Any type of health coverage - Commercial, Medicare, HUSKY \& others

## There's help.

Call: 1.866.466.4446
Visit: ct.gov/oha
Email: Healthcare.Advocate@ct.gov

OHA
Office of the Healthcare Advocate state of connecticut

## NOTICE

## Connecticut General Statutes §§ 31-57r-31-57w - Paid Sick Leave

Each employer with 50 or more employees based on the number of employees on its payroll for the week containing October 1, shall provide paid sick leave annually to each of its service workers in the state. The paid sick leave shall accrue beginning January 1, 2012, for current employees, or for a service worker hired after January 1, 2012, beginning on the service worker's date of employment.

## Accrual

The accrual is at a rate of one hour of paid sick leave for each 40 hours worked by a service worker up to a maximum of 40 hours per year (the employer shall choose any 365 -day period used to calculate employee benefits in order to administer paid sick leave).

- No service worker shall be entitled to use more than the maximum number of accrued hours.


## Carry Over

Each service worker shall be entitled to carry over up to 40 unused accrued hours of paid sick leave from the current year period to the following year period

## Use of Paid Sick Leave

A service worker shall be entitled to the use of accrued paid sick leave upon the completion of the service worker's $680^{\text {th }}$ hour of employment

- from January 1, 2012, for current service workers, or
- if hired after January 1, 2012, upon the completion of the service worker's $680^{\text {th }}$ hour of employment from the date of hire, unless the employer agrees to an earlier date.

A service worker shall not be entitled to the use of accrued paid sick leave if such service worker did not work an average of 10 or more hours a week for the employer in the most recent complete calendar quarter.

## Pay

Each employer shall pay each service worker for paid sick leave at a pay rate equal to the greater of either

- the normal hourly wage for that service worker, or
- the minimum fair wage rate under section 31-58 of the general statutes in effect for the pay period during which the employee used paid sick leave.


## Reasons for Use of Leave

A service worker may use paid sick leave for his or her own:

- illness, injury or health condition;
- the medical diagnosis, care or treatment of his or her mental illness or physical illness, injury or health condition;
- preventative medical care; or
- mental health wellness day

A service worker may use paid sick leave for a child's or spouse's:

- illness, injury or health condition; the medical diagnosis,
- care or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury or health condition; or
- preventative medical care

A service worker may use paid sick leave if the service worker or the service worker's child or ward is a victim of family violence or sexual assault:

- for medical care or psychological or other counseling for physical or psychological injury or disability;
- to obtain services from a victim services organization;
- to relocate due to such family violence or sexual assault;
- to participate in any civil or criminal proceedings related to or resulting from such family violence or sexual assault.


## Notice

If leave is foreseeable, the employer may require advance notice. If leave is unforeseeable, the employer may require notice as soon as practicable.

## Reasonable Documentation

Documentation for paid sick leave of 3 or more consecutive work days may be required

- documentation signed by a health care provider who is treating the service worker or the service worker's child or spouse indicating the need for the number of days of such leave shall be considered reasonable documentation.
- a court record or documentation signed by a service worker or volunteer working for a victim services organization, an attorney, a police officer or other counselor involved with the service worker or service worker's child or ward shall be considered reasonable documentation for a victim of family violence or sexual assault.


## Prohibition of Retaliation or Discrimination

No employer shall take retaliatory personnel action or discriminate against an employee because the employee:

- requests or uses paid sick leave either in accordance with the act; or
- in accordance with the employer's own paid sick leave policy, as the case may be; or
- files a complaint with the Labor Commissioner alleging the employer's violation of the act


## Collective Bargaining

Nothing in the act shall diminish any rights provided to any employee or service worker under a collective bargaining agreement, or preempt or override the terms of any collective bargaining agreement effective prior to January 1, 2012.

## Complaint Process

Any employee aggrieved by a violation of the provisions of the law may file a complaint with the Labor Commissioner. Upon receipt of any such complaint, said Commissioner may hold a hearing. After a hearing, the Commissioner may assess a civil penalty or award other relief.

This is not the complete Paid Sick Leave law. Please contact your Human Resources office for additional information.

# NOTICE <br> Connecticut General Statutes §§ 46a-60(a), (b)(7), (d)(1) Pregnancy Discrimination and Accommodation in the Workplace 

## Covered Employers

Each employer with one or more employees must comply with these anti-discrimination and reasonable accommodation laws related to an employee or job applicant's pregnancy, childbirth or related conditions, including lactation.

## Prohibition of Discrimination

No employer may discriminate against an employee or job applicant because of her pregnancy, childbirth or other related conditions (e.g., breastfeeding or expressing milk at work).

Prohibited discriminatory conduct includes:

- Terminating employment because of pregnancy, childbirth or related condition
- Denying reasonable leave of absence for disability due to pregnancy (e.g., doctor prescribed bed rest during 6-8 week recovery perioa arter pirtn)"
- Denying disability or leave benefits accrued under plans maintained by the employer
- Failing to reinstate employee to original job or equivalent position after leave
- Limiting, segregating or classifying the employee in a way that would deprive ner of employment opportunities
- Discriminating against her in the terms or conditions of employment
*Note: There is no requirement that the employee be employed for a certain length of time prior to being granted job protected leave of absence under this law.


## Reasonable Accommodation

An employer must provide a reasonable accommodation to an employee or job applicant due to her pregnancy, childbirth or needing to breastfeed or express milk at work.

Reasonable accommodations include, but are not limited to:

- Being permitted to sit while working
- More frequent or longer breaks
- Periodic rest
- assistance witn manual Iador
- Job restructuring
- Light duty assignments
- Modified work schedules
- Temporary transfers to less strenuous or less hazardous work
- Time off to recover from childbirth (prescribed by a Doctor, typically 6-8 weeks
- Break time and appropriate facilities (not a bathroom) for expressing milk


## Denial of Reasonable Accommodation

No employer may discriminate against employee or job applicant by denying a reasonable accommodation due to pregnancy.

Prohibited discriminatory conduct includes:

- Failing to make reasonable accommodation (and is not an undue hardship)**
- Denying job opportunities to employee or job applicant because of request for reasonable accommodation
- Forcing employee or job applicant to accept a reasonable accommodation when she has no known limitation related to pregnancy or the accommodation is not required to perform the essential duties of job
- Requiring employee to take a leave of absence where a reasonable accommodation could have been made instead
** Note: To demonstrate an undue hardship, the employer must show that the accommodation would require a significant difficulty or expense in light of its circumstances.


## Prohibition of Retaliation

Employers are prohibited from retaliating against an employee because of a request for reasonable accommodation.

## Notice Requirements

Employers must post or provide this notice to all existing employees by January 28,2018 ; to an existing employee within 10 days after she notifies the employer of her pregnancy or related conditions; and to new employees upon commencing employment.

## Complaint Process

## CHRO

Any employee aggrieved by a violation of these statutes may file a complaint with the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities (CHRO). Complainants have 300 days from the date of the alleged act of aiscrimination, or trom tne time tnat you reasonadiy decame aware or tne discrimination, in which to file a complaint. It is illegal for anyone to retaliate against you for filing a complaint.

CHRO main number: 860-541-3400
CHRO website: https://portal.ct.gov/CHRO
CHRO link "How to File a Discrimination Complaint": https://portal.ct.gov/CHRO/Complaint-Process/Complaint-Process/How-to-File-a-Discrimination-Complaint

## DOL

Additionally, women who are denied the right to breastfeed or express milk at work, or are discriminated or retaliated against for doing so, may also file a complaint with the Connecticut Department of Labor (DOL).

DOL phone number: 860-263-6791
DOL complaint form:
https://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/wgwkstnd/forms-wwsInstruct.htm

## SEXUAL HARASSMENT IS ILLEGAL

## and is prohibited by

## The Connecticut Discrimination Employment Practices Act, and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

Sexual harassment means: "Any unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors or any conduct of a sexual nature when:
(1) Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment;
(2) Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual; or
(3) Such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment."

Individuals who engage in acts of sexual harassment may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

| Examples of Sexual Harassment | Remedies For Sexual Harassment |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Unwelcome sexual advances | - Cease and desist orders |
| - Suggestive or lewd remarks | - Back pay |
| - Unwanted hugs, touches, or kisses | - Compensatory damages |
| - Requests for sexual favors | - Hiring, promotion or reinstatement |
| - Retaliation for complaining about | - Emotional distress damages |
| - sexual harassment |  |
| - Derogatory or pornographic posters, |  |
| cartoons or drawings |  |

Connecticut law requires that a written complaint be filed with the Commission within 300 days of the date the alleged harassment for events occurring on or after October 1, 2019. For harassment occurring before October 1, 2019, complaints must be filed within 180 days of the harassment.

If you feel you have been discriminated against, contact the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities at 860-541-3400, CT Toll Free 1-800-477-5737, or online at www.ct.gov/CHRO

# REQUIRED NOTICE! Unemployment Insurance Notice 

All liable employers must display a poster furnished by this agency to inform workers that their employer is covered by the Connecticut Unemployment
Compensation Law (Form Connecticut UC-8).
Posters may be obtained from the
Employer Status Unit, telephone number 860-263-6550.
(Rev. 7/04)

# NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES 

State of Connecticut Workers' Compensation Commission



Revised 10-01-2021

The Workers' Compensation Act (Connecticut General Statutes Chapter 568) requires your employer,
to provide benefits to you in case of injury or occupational disease in the course of employment.
Section 31-294b of the Workers' Compensation Act states "Any employee who has sustained an injury in the course of his employment shall immediately report the injury to his employer, or some person representing his employer. If the employee fails to report the injury immediately, the administrative law judge may reduce the award of compensation proportionately to any prejudice that he finds the employer has sustained by reason of the failure, provided the burden of proof with respect to such prejudice shall rest upon the employer."

An injury report by the employee is NOT an official written notice of claim for workers' compensation benefits; the Workers' Compensation Commission's Form 30C is necessary to satisfy this requirement.

NOTE: You must comply with P. A. 17-141 (see next box, below) when filing a compensation claim.

The INSURANCE COMPANY or SELF-INSURANCE ADMINISTRATOR is:
Name
Address $\qquad$ Telephone $\qquad$
City/Town $\qquad$ State $\qquad$ Zip Code $\qquad$

Approved Medical Care Plan $\square$ Yes $\square$ No

The State of Connecticut Workers' Compensation Commission office for this workplace is located at: Address $\qquad$ Telephone

City/Town $\qquad$ State $\qquad$ Zip Code $\qquad$

Public Act 17-141 allows an employer the option to designate and post - "in the workplace location where other labor law posters required by the Labor Department are prominently displayed" and on the Workers' Compensation Commission's website [wcc.state.ct.us] - a location where employees must file claims for compensation.

If your employer has listed a location below, you MUST file your compensation claim there.
When filing your claim, you are also required - by law - to send it by certified mail.
If blank below, ask your employer where to file your claim.

Employer Name

| Address | Telephone |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City/Town | State | Zip Code |

THIS NOTICE MUST BE IN TYPE OF NOT LESS THAN TEN POINT BOLD-FACE AND POSTED IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE IN EACH PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT. FAILURE TO POST THIS NOTICE WILL SUBJECT THE EMPLOYER TO STATUTORY PENALTY (Section 31-279 C.G.S.).

Date Posted:

Any questions as to your rights under the law or the obligations of the employer or insurance company should be addressed to the employer, the insurance company, or the Workers' Compensation Commission (1-800-223-9675). DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESOURCES IN CONNECTICUT

Domestic violence is a pattern of coercive, controlling behavior that can include emotional abuse, psychological abuse, physical abuse, sexual abuse, and/or financial abuse. It is the result of a person's feeling of entitlement to have power and control over their partner or family member and their choice to use abusive behaviors to gain and maintain that power and control. The pattern of abusive behavior is designed to make the victim dependent upon the abuser, leaving the victim feeling scared, confused, and insecure about their ability to survive on their own, financially or otherwise.

If you or someone you know is experiencing an abusive relationship, help is available. Whether you need information, help, or just someone to talk to, we're here to listen.


Connecticut's domestic violence information and resource hub

## CTSafeConnect.org | 888.774.2900

CALL • TEXT • CHAT • EMAIL • 24/7
All services are safe, free, confidential \& voluntary

Safe Connect advocates can help you think through options and get you connected with one of CCADV's 18 local domestic violence organizations for services such as counseling, support groups, advocacy for accessing basic needs, court-based advocacy, age-appropriate child advocacy, and support in finding shelter and other housing options."

## IT IS ILLEGAL TO DISCRIMINATE AGAINST SOMEONE BASED ON THEIR STATUS AS A VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Your employer cannot treat you differently or take actions against you based on your status as a victim of domestic violence, nor can they deny you reasonable leave of absence for certain issues related to the abuse you or your dependent children have experienced, including:
(i) Seeking attention for injuries caused by domestic violence, including for a child;
(ii) Obtaining services including safety planning from a domestic violence or rape crisis center;
(iii) Obtaining psychological counseling related to domestic violence, including for a child;
(iv) Taking other actions to increase safety from future incidents of domestic violence, including temporary or permanent relocation; or
(v) Obtaining legal services, assisting in the prosecution of the offense, or otherwise participating in legal proceedings in relation to domestic violence.

If you feel you have been discriminated against due to your status as a victim of domestic violence or if you have been denied a reasonable leave of absence to deal with issues related to abuse, contact the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities at 860-541-3400, CT Toll Free 1-800-477-5737, or online at www.ct.gov/CHRO

Labor Law Compliance Center (800) 801-0597

# Inquiries or complaints of violation of this order should be sent to <br> Wage and Workplace Standards Division, Labor Department, Wethersfield, CT 06109-1114 <br> STATE OF CONNECTICUT <br> LABOR DEPARTMENT - WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS <br> MERCANTILE TRADE 

## Website: www.ct.gov/dol

## Minimum Fair Wage Rates for Persons Employed in Mercantile Trade.

Sec. 31-62-D1. DEFINITIONS As used in Sec. $31-62-D 1$. Definions As used in
sections 31-62-D1 to 31-62-D11, inclusive:
(a) "Commissions" means earnings based on sales. These earnings may be achieved through the payment of a fixed sum per sale or by the payment of a percentage on any or all sales made by an individual or group of individuals.
(b) "Employee" means a person employed or permitted to work in any occupation in the mercantile trade.
(c) "Mercantile trade" means the trade of wholesale or retail selling of commodities and any operation supplemental or incidental thereto, including, but not limited to, buying, delivery, maintenance, office, stock and clerical work. Repair and service employees may be excluded if the major portion of their duties is unrelated to the mercantile trade as herein defined.
(d) "Minor" means a person less than eighteen years of age.
(e) "Working time" includes all time during which an employee is required to be on duty or at prescribed premises whether or not work is then provided by the employer; or during which an employee is permitted to work though required not to do so.

Sec. 31-62-D2. THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM WAGE IS ORDERED: Effective 7-1-2022, not less than $\$ 14.00$ per hour, and effective 6-12023, not less than fifteen dollars per hour. On 1-$1-24$, the minimum fair wage shall be adjusted by the percentage change in the employment cost index calculated by the United States Department of Labor, over the twelve-month period ending on June thirtieth of the preceding year, rounded to the nearest whole cent.
(b) BEGINNERS. For the first 200 hours in the trade not less than $85 \%$ of the minimum wage and not less than the minimum wage thereafter.*
*This subsection is amended by P.A. 19-4, An Act Increasing the Minimum Fair Wage. CGS Sec. 31-58(i)(5). The rates for all persons under the age of eighteen years, except emancipated minors, shall be not less than eighty-five per cent of the minimum fair wage for the first ninety days of such employment, or ten dollars and ten cents per hour, whichever is greater, and shall be equal to the minimum fair wage thereafter, except in institutional training programs specifically exempted by the commissioner.
(c) OVERTIME. One and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay after 40 hours a week.
(d) MINIMUM DAILY EARNINGS GUARANTEED. An employee, who by request or permission of the employer, reports for duty on any day whether or not assigned to actual work shall be compensated for a minimum of four hours earnings at his regular rate. In instances of regularly scheduled employment of less than regularly scheduled employment of less than four hours as mutually agreed in writing between employer and employee, and approved by the Labor Department, this provision may be waived
provided the minimum daily pay in every provided the minimum daily pay in every
instance shall be at least twice the applicable instance shall be at
minimum hourly rate.

Sec. 31-62-D3. PAYMENT OF WAGES. Each employee shall be paid, weekly, wages not less than the minimum provided in this order, and all commissions as defined herein shall be settled at least once monthly.

Sec. 31-62-D4. REGULAR HOURLY RATE. Each employer shall establish a regular hourly rate for employees covered by this order. When an employee is paid commission in whole or in part for his earnings, the regular hourly rate for the purpose of computing

WETHERSFIELD, CONNECTICUT
PROMULGATED JANUARY 4, 2001
overtime shall be determined by dividing the employee's total earnings by the number of hours in the usual work week as supported by time records made in accordance with the provisions of section 31-62-D8.

Sec. 31-62-D5. COMPUTATION OF TIME. All time shall be reckoned to the nearest unit of fifteen minutes.

Sec. 31-62-D6. BEGINNERS. *
*This section is amended by P.A. 19-4, An Act Increasing the Minimum Fair Wage. CGS Sec. 31-58(i)(5). The rates for all persons under the age of eighteen years, except emancipated minors, shall be not less than eighty-five per cent of the minimum fair wage for the first ninety days of such employment, or ten dollars and ten cents per hour, whichever is greater, and shall be equal to the minimum fair wage thereafter, except in institutional training programs specifically exempted by the commissioner.

Sec. 31-62-D7. HANDICAPPED WORKERS. Any employee whose earning capacity has been impaired by physical or mental disability may be paid less than the minimum wage, provided specific permission in each case shall be obtained by the employer from the Labor Department in accordance with the provisions of Section
$31-67$ of the general statutes.
Sec. 31-62-D8. RECORDS. Theemployer shall keep available at the place of employmen for a period of three years accurate and legible records in ink for each employee as follows: (1) his name; (2) his address; (3) his working certificates as proof of age if minor employee (sixteen to eighteen years) (4) his occupation; (5) total wages paid him each pay day period; (6) his daily and weekly hours worked showing the beginning and ending hours of each work period. Records of daily and weekly hours need not be maintained for employees who qualify for exemption of the overtime requirements of this order, provided the wages paid shall be at least the minimum required in this order. With permission of the Labor Commissioner or his authorized representative, wage records may be kept a designated places other than the place of employment. Records of hours worked for each employee for whom such records is required shall be available at the place of employment for inspection at all reasonable times.

Sec. 31-62-D9. C OOPERATIVE STUDENTS.
Repealed.
Sec. 31-62-D10. EMPLOYMENT UNDER OTHER MINIMUM WAGE ORDERS OR FOR WHICH NO WAGE ORDER HAS BEEN PROMULGATED. The provisions of these regulations shall apply to any worker engaged in the mercantile trade as defined herein for the entire work period, unless he is engaged partly in an occupation covered by another wage order or in an occupation fo which no wage order has been promulgated and the time spent in each occupation is segregated and recorded.

Sec. 31-62-D11. NO CHARGE FOR UNIFORMS OR OTHER FACILITIES. The cost of uniforms or other facilities required by the employer as a condition of employment, and the reasonable cost of their maintenance, may not be charged to the employee if such expense would result in the payment of a wage less than the minimum prescribed in this order.

Sec. 31-69 PENALTY. (a) Any employer or his agent, or the officer or agent of any corporation, who discharges or in any other manner discriminates against any employee manner discriminates against any employee because such employee has served or is about to serve on a wage board or has testified or is about to testify before any wage board or in any other investigation or proceeding under or related to this part, or because such employer believes that such employee may serve on any wage board or may testify before any wage board or in any investigation or proceeding under this part, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than four hundred dollars.
(b) Any employer or the officer or agent of any corporation who pays or agrees to pay to any employee less than the rates applicable to such employee under the provisions of this part or a minimum fair wage order shall be: (1) fined not less than four thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years or both for each offense if the total amount of all unpaid wages owed to an employee is more than two thousand dollars; (2) fined not is more than two thousand dollars; (2) fined no ess than two thousand nor more than fou thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year or both for each offense if the total amount of all unpaid wages owed to an employee is more than one thousand dollars but not more than two thousand dollars; (3) fined not less than one thousand nor more than two thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than six months or both for each offense if the total amount of all unpaid wages owed to an employee is more than five hundred but not more than one thousand dollars; or (4) fined not less than four hundred nor more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than three months or both for each offense if the total amount of all unpaid wages owed to an employee is five hundred dollars or less.
(c) Any employer, his officer or agent, or the officer or agent of any corporation, firm or partnership, who fails to keep the records required under this part or by regulation made in accordance with this part or to furnish such records to the commissioner or any authorized representative of the commissioner, upon request, or who refuses to admit the commissioner or his authorized representative to his place of employment or who hinders or delays the commissioner or his authorized representative in the performance of his duties in the enforcement of this part shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, and each day of such failure to keep the records required under this part or to furnish the same to the commissioner or any authorized representative of the commissioner shall constitute a separate offense, and each day of refusal to admit or of hindering or delaying the commissioner or his authorized representative shall constitute a separate offense.
(d) Nothing in this part shall be deemed to interfere with, impede or in any way diminish the right of employees to bargain collectively with their employers through representatives of their own choosing in order to establish wages or conditions of work in excess of the applicable minimum unde this part.


THOMAS WYDRA
DIRECTOR

# Employment of Minors in Mercantile/Retail Trades 

## Time and Hour Restrictions for Young Persons Under Age 18

## During school weeks (16-17 years of age):

- 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. (If no school the next day, permitted hours are extended to 11 p.m. or midnight if employed in a supermarket of more than $3,500 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. in size).
- No more than 6 hours per day/32 hours per week/6 days per week.
- No more than 8 hours per day on non-school days or days not preceding a school day (normally Friday, Saturday or Sunday).


## During non-school weeks (16-17 years of age):

- 8 hours per day/48 hours per week - no more than 6 days per week.


Minors who have withdrawn from school are subject to the non-school week restrictions.

15-Year-Old Minors can be employed as baggers, cashiers or stock clerks in most mercantile/retail establishments and may work during non-school weeks only - for no longer than 8 hours per day, 40 hours per week, between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m., except from July 1 through Labor Day, when evening hours may be extended until 9 p.m. Retail food stores may employ 15 -year-old minors on Saturdays only until 7 p.m. for no longer than 8 hours during the school year.

## Minimum Wage

$\$ 14.00$ per hour effective July 1, 2022
$\$ 15.00$ per hour effective June 1, 2023
Annually indexed to cost of living effective Jan. 2, 2024
Minors may be paid $85 \%$ of Minimum Wage during their first 90 days of employment.

## A Statement of Age/Working Paper is required for all employees under the age of 18.

Inquiries or complaints of violation should be sent to:
Connecticut Department of Labor - Wage \& Workplace Standards Division 200 Folly Brook Boulevard - Wethersfield, CT 06109
(860) 263-6791 - www.ct.gov/dol

This notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place in rooms where minors are employed. See applicable laws on back.

Sec. 31-23. Employment of minors prohibited in certain occupations. Exceptions. (a) No minor under sixteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in any manufacturing, mechanical, mercantile or theatrical industry, restaurant or public dining room, or in any bowling alley, shoe-shining establishment or barber shop, provided the Labor Commissioner may authorize such employment of any minor between the ages of fourteen and sixteen who is enrolled in (1) a public school in a work-study program as defined and approved by the Commissioner of Education and the Labor Commissioner or in a program established pursuant to section 10-20a, or (2) a summer work-recreation program sponsored by a town, city or borough or by a human resources development agency which has been approved by the Labor Commissioner, or both, and provided the prohibitions of this section shall not apply to any minor over the age of fourteen who is under vocational probation pursuant to an order of the Superior Court as provided in section 46 b - 140 or to any minor over the age of fourteen who has been placed on vocational parole by the Commissioner of Children and Families.
(d) Each person who employs a minor under the age of eighteen years shall obtain a certificate stating the age of such minor as provided in section 10-193. Such certificates shall be kept on file at the place of employment and shall be available at all times during business hours to the inspectors of the Labor Department.

Sec. 31-13. Hours of labor of minors, elderly and handicapped persons in mercantile establishments. (a) No person under the age of eighteen years who is not enrolled in and has not graduated from a secondary educational institution shall be employed in any mercantile establishment more than eight hours in any one day, or more than six days in any one calendar week or more than forty-eight hours in any one calendar week.
(b) If the Labor Commissioner finds, upon application of an employer, that an emergency exists or that seasonal or peak demand places an unusual and temporary burden upon any mercantile establishment, any such person under the age of eighteen years may be employed in such establishment not more than ten hours in any day and not more than fifty-two hours in any calendar week, but the total number of weeks of any such employment in any twelve months shall not exceed eight.
(c) No person under eighteen years of age who is enrolled in a secondary education institution shall be employed in any mercantile establishment more than (1) six hours in any regularly scheduled school day unless the regularly scheduled school day immediately precedes a nonschool day or eight hours in any other day, and (2) thirty-two hours in any calendar week during which the school in which such person is enrolled is in session, or forty-eight hours in any other calendar week during which the school in which such person is enrolled is not is session. Notwithstanding any provision of this section, the number of hours such person participates in a work experience that is part of an approved educational plan, cooperative program or school-to-work program shall not be counted against the daily or weekly limits set forth in this section.
(d) Each employer in any such establishment shall post in a conspicuous place in each room where such persons are employed a notice, the form of which shall be furnished by the Labor Commissioner, stating specifically the hours of work required of such persons on each day of the week, and the employment of any such persons for a longer time than so stated shall be a violation of this section.
(e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to permanent salaried employees in executive, managerial or supervisory positions excepted from the provisions of part I of chapter 5581 who receive a regular salary of not less than the minimum fixed for such employment in any wage order or administrative regulation issued under authority of said part, or to persons under eighteen years of age who have graduated from a secondary educational institution.

Sec. 31-14. Night work of minors regulated. (a) No person under eighteen years of age shall be employed in any manufacturing, mechanical or mercantile establishment between the hours of ten o'clock in the evening and six o'clock in the morning, except that such persons may be employed in any manufacturing, mechanical or mercantile establishment until eleven o'clock in the evening or any supermarket until twelve o'clock midnight on any night other than a night preceding a regularly scheduled school day. No such person may be discharged or discriminated against in any manner for refusing to work later than ten o'clock in the evening.

Sec. 31-15a. Criminal penalty. Any employer, officer, agent or other person who violates any provision of section 31-12, 31-13 or 3114 , subsection (a) of section 31-15 or section 31-18, 31-23 or 31-24 shall be fined not less than two thousand nor more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years, or both, for each offense.

Sec. 31-69a. Additional penalty. (a) In addition to the penalties provided in this chapter and chapter 568, any employer, officer, agent or other person who violates any provision of this chapter or subsection (g) of section 31-288, shall be liable to the Labor Department for a civil penalty of three hundred dollars for each violation of said chapters and for each violation of subsection $(\mathrm{g})$ of section 31-288.
(b) In addition to the penalties provided in this chapter and chapter 557, any employer, officer, agent or other person who violates any provision of section 31-12, 31-13 or 31-14, subsection (a) of section 31-15 or section 31-18, 31-23 or 31-24 shall be liable to the Labor Department for a civil penalty of six hundred dollars for each violation of said sections.

# POST AND KEEP POSTED WHERE EMPLOYEES MAY READ 

Mandatory Order No. 8<br>Inquiries or Complaints of Violation of this Order Should be Sent to Wage and Workplace Standards<br>Division, Department of Labor, 200 Folly Brook Blvd., Wethersfield, CT 06109-1114.<br>\section*{STATE OF CONNECTICUT<br><br>MINIMUM FAIR WAGE RATES FOR PERSONS EMPLOYED IN THE RESTAURANT AND HOTEL RESTAURANT OCCUPATIONS}

Sec. 31-62-E1 WAGE ORDER:


#### Abstract

(a) RATE:THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM WAGES E ORDERED: $\$ 8.70$ per hour on 1-1-14; \$9.15 per hour on 1-1-15; \$9.60 per hour on 1-1-16; and \$10.10 per hour on 1-1-17 except those persons employed under this wage order as service employees (waitpersons) shall be paid $\$ 5.69$ per hour plus gratuities on 1-1-14; $\$ 5.78$ per hour plus gratuities on 1-1-15: \$6.07 per hour plus gratuities on 1-1-16; and $\$ 6.38$ per hour and gratuities on 1-1-17 and bartenders at $\$ 7.34$ per hour plus gratuities on 1-114; $\$ 7.46$ per hour plus gratuities on 1-1-15; $\$ 7.82$ per hour plus gratuities on 1-1-16; and $\$ 8.23$ per hour plus gratuities on 1-1-17.


(b) MINIMUM DAILY EARNINGS GUARANTEED: An employee regularly reporting for work, unless given adequate notice the day before to the contrary, or any employee called for work in any day shall be assured a minimum of two hours' earnings at not less than the minimum rate if the employee is able and willing to work for that length of time. If the employee is either unwilling or unable to work the number of hours necessary to sure the wo-hour guarantee, a statement signed by the employee in the employer's records.
(c) WORK ON SEVENTH CONSECUTIVE DAY: Not less than one and one-half times the minimum rate for all time worked on the seventh consecutive day.
(d) OVERTIME: Not less than one and one half times the regular rate for all hours worked in excess of 40 in any work week
(a) "RESTA-E2. DEFINITIONS
(a) persons engaged in the preparation and serving of incidental or suppisumption, or in any operation whether the food is served at or away from the point of preparation, and irrespective of whether the preparation and serving of food is the sole business of the employing establishment or enterprise, with the exception that this definition shall not include the preparation and serving of food in a non-profit educational, charitable or religious organization where the food service is not regularly available to the general public, or the preparation and serving of food in hospitals, convalescent homes or homes for the elderly to the general public and is incidental to the care to the getient This and is ion include but is not of the patient. This occupation includes but is not that portion of hot business involving the preparation and serving of food commissaries dairy bars grills, coffee shops, luncheonettes, sandwich shops, tearooms, nightclubs, cabarets, automats, caterers, frankfurter stands, operators of food vending machines, and that portion of the business involving the serving of food in department and variety stores, drugstores, candy stores, bakeries, pizzerias, delicatessens, places of amusement and recreation, commercial and industrial establishments and social, recreational, fraternal and professional clubs which either regularly or intermittently serve food, as well as other establishments or businesses meeting the condition stated in this paragraph.
(b) "RESTAURANT EMPLOYEE" means any person who is employed or permitted to work in any restaurant occupation, establishment or enterprise.
(c) "SERVICE EMPLOYEE" means any employee whose duties relate solely to the serving of food and/or beverage to patrons seated at tables or booths, and to the performance of duties incidental to such sore, and who custonarily receives gratuities. For the purpose of this order, a person gratuitios unless a minimum of $\$ 10.00$ per week in gratuities is received in the case of full time employees, or $\$ 2.00$ per day in the case of partime employees, or $\$ 2.00$ per day in the case of parttime of the employee stating unequivocally that such worker did receive gratuities as herein required which must be maintained as part of the records of the employer. employe defined. A non-service employee includes, but is not limited to, countergirls, counterwaitresses, countermen, counterwaiters and those employees serving food or beverage to patrons at tables or booths and who do not customarily receive gratuities as defined above.
(e) "GRATUITIES" means a voluntary monetary contribution received by the employee directly from a guest, patron or customer for service rendered.
Sec. 31-62-E3. GRATUITIES AS PART OF THE vMINIMUM FAIR WAGE. Gratuities may be recognized as constituting a part of the minimum fair wage when all of the following provisions are
complied with:
(a) The employee must be engaged in an employment in which gratuities have customarily and usually constituted and have been recognized as part of his remuneration for hiring purposes and
(b) The amount received in gratuities claimed as credit for part of the minimum fair wage must be recorded on a weekly basis as a though payment is made more frequently and (c) Each employer claiming credit for gratuitios (c) Each employer claiming credit for gratuities as part of shall obtain weekly a statement signed by the employee attesting that he has received in gratuities the amount claimed as a credit for part of the minimum fair wage. Such statement shall contain the week ending date of the payroll week for which credit is claimed Gratuities received in excess of $34.6 \%$ in 2014 and $36.8 \%$ in 2015, 2016 and 2017 for service employees and 15.6\% in 2014 and $18.5 \%$ in 2015, 2016 and 2017 for bartenders need not be reported or recorded for the purposes of this regulation.

Sec. 31-62-E4. DIVERSIFIED EMPLOYMENT WITHIN THE RESTAURANT INDUSTRY. If an employee performs both service and non-service duties, and the time spent oneach is definitely segregated and so recorded, the
allowance for the gratuities as permitted as part of the allowance for the gratuities as permitted as part of the minimum fair wage may be applied to the hours worked in the service category. If an employee performs both each cannot be definitely segregated and so recorded, or is not definitely segregated and so recorded, no allowances for gratuities may be applied as part of the minimum fair wage.
Sec. 31-62-E5. EMPLOYMENT UNDER OTHER WAGE ORDERS
a) Mercantile: If an employee is engaged partly in the estaurant occupation but is also engaged partly in the rovisions of the mercane mercantile wage order, the the entire work period each occupation is segregated and separately recorded, the allowance for gratuities as permitted as part of the minimum fair wage may be applied to the hours work me the restaurant service category.
(b) Other: If an employee is engaged partly in an ccupation under the restaurant wage order but is also engaged partly in an occupation covered by another wage provisions of each wage order shall apply to the entire ork period unless the time spent in each occupation erent in segregated and so recorded. Where the time so recorded the provisions of the applicable wage order shall apply
SEC. 31-62-E6. DEDUCTIONS AND ALLOWANCES LODGING has been repealed.

SEC. 31-62-E7. DEDUCTIONS has been repealed.
SEC. 31-62-E8. DEPOSIT. No deposit shall be required by an employer from any employee for a uniform or for department.

SEC. 31-62-E9. HOURS WORKED. Hours worked shall nclude all time during which the employee is required to be on the employer's premises or to be on duty, or to be at a prescribed work place, and all time during which or not required to do so. Meal periods may be credited as nonworking time, provided the beginning and ending time of the meal period shall be so recorded on the time ecords, and provided the employee shall be entirely free from all work requirements during the period and shall

SEC. 31-62-E10. TRAVEL TIME AND TRAVEL Any employee who is required or permitted to travel from one establishment to another after the beginning or before he close of the work day, shall be compensated for travel ime at the same rate as for working time, and shall be SEC. 31-62-E11. COMPUTATION OF TIME. All time shall be reckoned to the nearest unit of fifteen minutes. SEC. 31-62-E12. PHYSICALLY OR MENTALLY This regulation defines a "
This regulation defines a "physically or mentally handicapped person as a person whose earning capacity
is impared by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury and provides guidelines for a modification of the minimum wage.)

## Sec. 31-62-E14. RECORDS

(a) For the purpose of this regulation issued in accordance with the "provisions of section $31-66$ of the general legible records for each employee showing:

## Name;

Home address,
(4) Occupation in which employed

Total daily and total weekly hours worked, work period,computed to the nearest unit of 15 minutes;
5) Total hourly, daily or weekly basic wage; Additions to or deductions from wages each pay period;
(8) Overtime wage as a separate Item from basic wage;
Payment for the seventh consecutive day o Payment for the seven;
work as a separate item;
10) Separate itemization on payroll records o each allowance (meals, lodging, gratuities) used s part of the minimum fair wage;
11) Statements signed by employee in accordance with section $31-62-E 3$ when credit for gratuities
12) Such other records as are stipulated in accordance with administrative regulation sections 31-60-1 through 31-60-14
13) Working certificates for minor employees T) True and accurate
retained at the place of empds shall be maintained and years for each employee. The labor commissioner may authorize the maintenance of wage records and the retention of both wage and hour records as outlined either in whole or in part at a place other than the place of such records at the place of employment either:
(1) works an undue hardship upon the employe without materially benefiting the inspection procedures of the labor department, or
(2) is not practical for enforcement purposes. Where permission is granted to maintain wage records daily and weekly hours worked by each employee shall also be available for inspection in connection with such wage records.
(c) In the case of an employee who spends $75 \%$ or more of his working time away from the employer's place of business and the maintaining of time records showing the
beginning and ending time of each work period for such personnel either imposes an undue hardship upon the
employer or exposes him to jeopardy because of his employer or exposes him to jeopardy because of his of total daily and total weekly hours will be approved as fulfilling the record-keeping requirements of this section. However, in such cases the original time entries shal be made by the employee in his own behalf and the time entries made by the employee shall be used as

Under Connecticut General Statutes section 31-23 no minor under 16 years of age shall be

# Gary K. Pechie <br> Director 

# Connecticut Law (C.G.S. 31-18) Regarding Employment of Minors in Restaurant/Food Service 

## Time and Hour Restrictions for Young Persons Under Age 18

During school weeks (16-17 years of age):
6 a.m. to 11 p.m. (midnight if no school the next day) no more than 6 hours per day/32 hours per week.

No more than 8 hours per day on non-school days or days not preceding a school day (generally Friday, Saturday or Sunday).


During non-school weeks (16-17 years of age):
8 hours per day/48 hours per week - no more than 6 days per week.
Minors who have withdrawn from school
may work no more than 9 hours per day within the times listed for non-school weeks.

No person under age 16 may be employed in a restaurant or public dining room.

## Minimum Wage

\$14.00 per hour effective July 1, 2022
$\$ 15.00$ per hour effective June 1, 2023
Annually indexed to cost of living effective Jan. 1, 2024 Minors may be paid $85 \%$ of Minimum Wage during their first 90 days of employment.
A Statement of Age/Working Paper is required for all employees under the age of 18.

Inquiries or complaints of violation should be sent to:
Connecticut Department of Labor - Wage \& Workplace Standards Division 200 Folly Brook Boulevard - Wethersfield, CT 06109
(860) 263-6791 - www.ct.gov/dol

CT15E

## RESTAURANT-RELATED CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES

Sec. 31-23. Employment of minors prohibited in certain occupations. Exceptions. (a) No minor under sixteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in any manufacturing, mechanical, mercantile or theatrical industry, restaurant or public dining room, or in any bowling alley, shoe-shining establishment or barber shop, provided the Labor Commissioner may authorize such employment of any minor between the ages of fourteen and sixteen who is enrolled in (1) a public school in a work-study program as defined and approved by the Commissioner of Education and the Labor Commissioner or in a program established pursuant to section 10-20a, or (2) a summer work-recreation program sponsored by a town, city or borough or by a human resources development agency which has been approved by the Labor Commissioner, or both, and provided the prohibitions of this section shall not apply to any minor over the age of fourteen who is under vocational probation pursuant to an order of the Superior Court as provided in section 46b-140 or to any minor over the age of fourteen who has been placed on vocational parole by the Commissioner of Children and Families.
(d) Each person who employs a minor under the age of eighteen years shall obtain a certificate stating the age of such minor as provided in section 10-193. Such certificates shall be kept on file at the place of employment and shall be available at all times during business hours to the inspectors of the Labor Department.

Sec. 31-18. Hours of labor of minors, elderly and handicapped persons in certain other establishments. (a) No public restaurant, cafe, dining room, barber shop, hairdressing or manicuring establishment, amusement or recreational establishment, bowling alley, shoe-shining establishment, billiard or pool room or photograph gallery shall employ or permit to work any person under eighteen years of age (1) between the hours of ten o'clock in the evening and six o'clock in the morning, provided any person between sixteen and eighteen years of age may be employed in any amusement or recreational establishment, restaurant, cafe or dining room, or employed in any theater until twelve o'clock midnight unless such person is regularly attending school in which case such person may be employed until eleven o'clock in the evening on days which precede a regularly scheduled school day and until twelve o'clock midnight during any regular school vacation season and on days which do not precede a regularly scheduled school day, and (2) more than (A) six hours in any regularly scheduled school day unless the regularly scheduled school day immediately precedes a nonschool day or eight hours in any other day, and (B) thirty-two hours in any calendar week during which the school in which such person is enrolled is in session or forty-eight hours in any other calendar week during which the school in which such person is enrolled is not in session. Notwithstanding any provision of this section, the number of hours such person participates in a work experience that is part of an approved educational plan, cooperative program or school-to-work program shall not be counted against the daily or weekly limits set forth in this section.
(b) The hours of labor of such persons shall be conspicuously posted in such establishment in such form and manner as the Labor Commissioner determines.
(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person under eighteen years of age who has graduated from a secondary educational institution.

Sec. 31-15a. Criminal penalty. Any employer, officer, agent or other person who violates any provision of section 31-12, 31-13 or 31-14, subsection (a) of section 31-15 or section 31-18, 31-23 or 31-24 shall be fined not less than two thousand nor more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years, or both, for each offense.

Sec. 31-69a. Additional penalty. (a) In addition to the penalties provided in this chapter and chapter 568, any employer, officer, agent or other person who violates any provision of this chapter, chapter 557 or subsection $(\mathrm{g})$ of section 31-288 shall be liable to the Labor Department for a civil penalty of three hundred dollars for each violation of said chapters and for each violation of subsection (g) of section 31-288, except that (1) any person who violates (A) a stop work order issued pursuant to subsection (c) of section 31-76a shall be liable to the Labor Department for a civil penalty of one thousand dollars and each day of such violation shall constitute a separate offense, and (B) any provision of section 31-12, 31-13 or 31-14, subsection (a) of section 31-15 or section 31-18, 31-23 or 31-24 shall be liable to the Labor Department for a civil penalty of six hundred dollars for each violation of said sections, and (2) a violation of subsection (g) of section 31-288 shall constitute a separate offense for each day of such violation.
(b) Any employer, officer, agent or other person who violates any provision of chapter 563a may be liable to the Labor Department for a civil penalty of not greater than five hundred dollars for the first violation of chapter 563a related to an individual employee or former employee, and for each subsequent violation of said chapter related to such individual employee or former employee, may be liable to the Labor Department for a civil penalty of not greater than one thousand dollars. In setting a civil penalty for any violation in a particular case, the Labor Commissioner shall consider all factors which the commissioner deems relevant, including, but not limited to, (1) the level of assessment necessary to insure immediate and continued compliance with the provisions of chapter 563a; (2) the character and degree of impact of the violation; and (3) any prior violations of such employer of chapter 563a.

